Meso America Incan Calendars

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Fast Facts

- Calendar consisted of 12 months
- Farming and agriculture based on calendar
- Pachacuti drew up the calendar
- Calendar was self correcting and unwritten

The Beginning

Inca emperor, Pachacuti, drew up the calendar





The last remaining seasonal sun dial in

(con't)

 The observatories were a stone pillar whose shadow would allow the priest to measure the movement of the sun

(con't)

 Simple observatories were also built for the priests to watch the movements of the sun and the planets

The Calendar

- Consisted of 12 months
- Each month was divided into 30 days
- Each month was made up of three ten-day weeks
- The remaining 5 days were devoted to Inca ceremonies at the December and June solstices

The Calendar (con't)

- The year began at the December solstice
- The solstice was the longest day of the year in the Southern Hemisphere

<u>Incan</u>



Yeah...and...ughh

 Other observatories had pillars with pierced disks on top that the sun's rays would pass through at different times of the year.

(con't)

 The decision of when the year began was made by watching the rising and setting of the sun from two different towers on both sides of the capital.

Bibliography

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